How Does Technology Fit into MTSS?

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- ATP Education Program Supervisor/ AT Specialist
- Worked in AT for over 25 years as a teacher, specialist, consultant, coach, and professor.
- Rehabilitation Engineering and Assistive Technology Society of North America (RESNA) Assistive Technology Professional (ATP) Certified
- Member of the Quality Indicators for Assistive Technology Leadership Team, State Leaders of Assistive Technology in Education, CEC – ISET & CASE, Learning Forward, ISTE/NETA, and founding Board Member of the Universal Design for Learning Implementation Research Network and LearningDesigned.org.



Outcomes

- Define the concept of supportive technologies
- Explain how supportive technologies and assistive technologies fit into MTSS
- Identify at least 3 examples of supportive technologies
- Identify at least 2 factors that are necessary for supportive technologies to impact student performance

Central Question for Today -

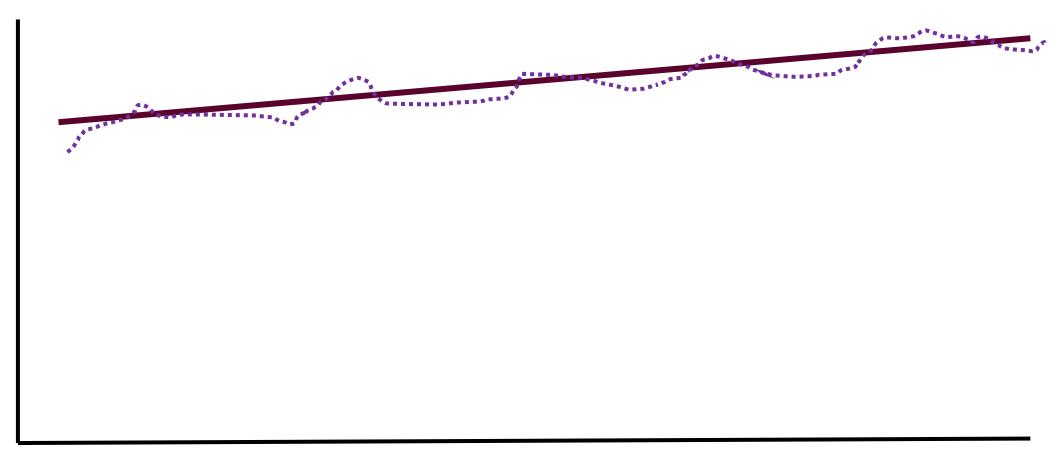
How Do Technologies Fit into MTSS?

What this Presentation is NOT

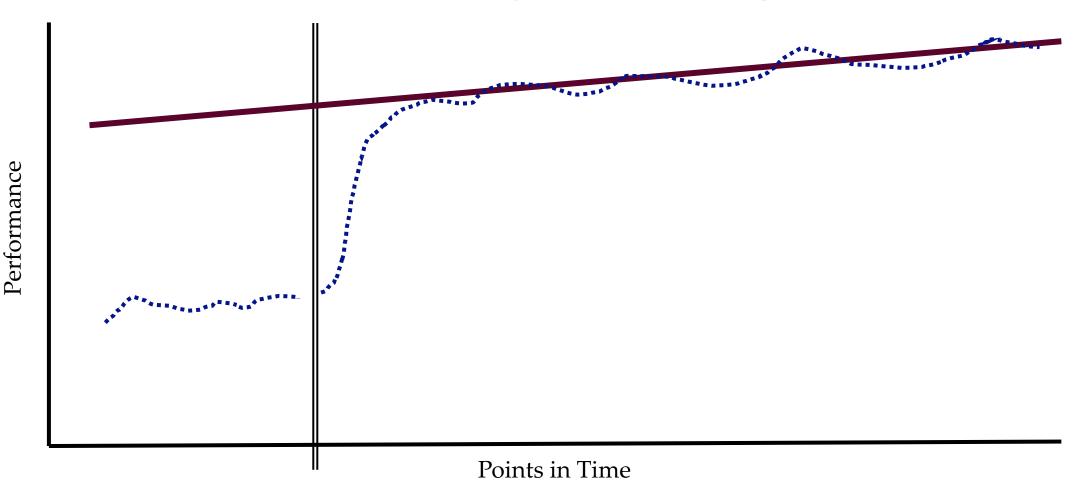
- An in-depth discussion of technologies related to progress monitoring or instructional/educational technologies
- An advertisement for specific technology solutions
- Focusing solely on students in special education

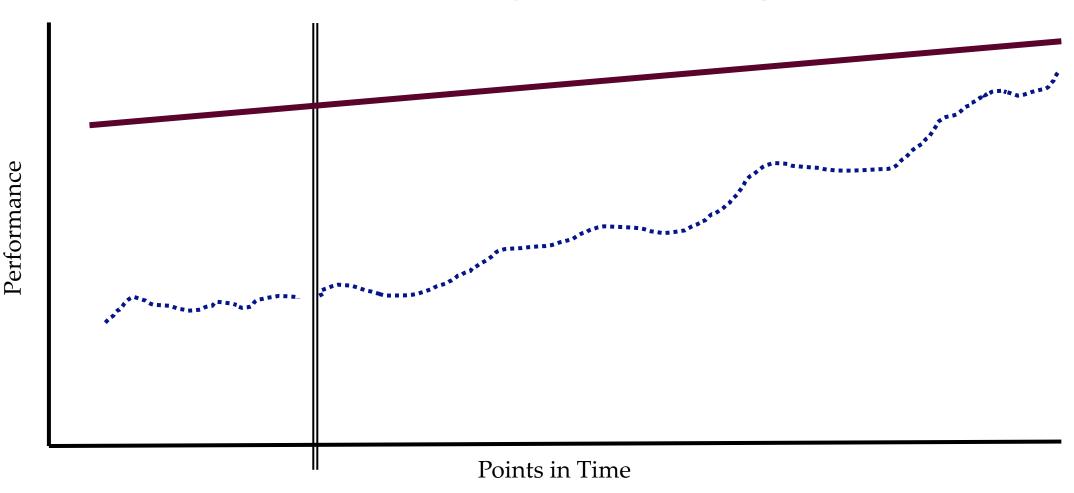
How Many People Have Worked with Students Who Have Had Difficulty with One or More of the Areas Below?

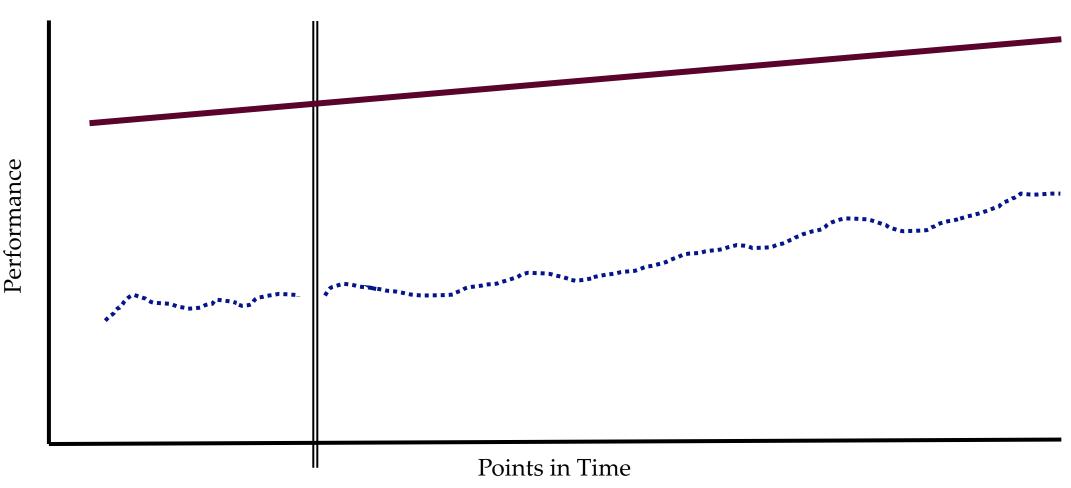
Reading Reading Planning Organization Memory Comprehension Through Tasks Decoding Grammar and Sentence Handwriting Spelling Typing Punctuation Generation Written Math Math Notations Organization Computation

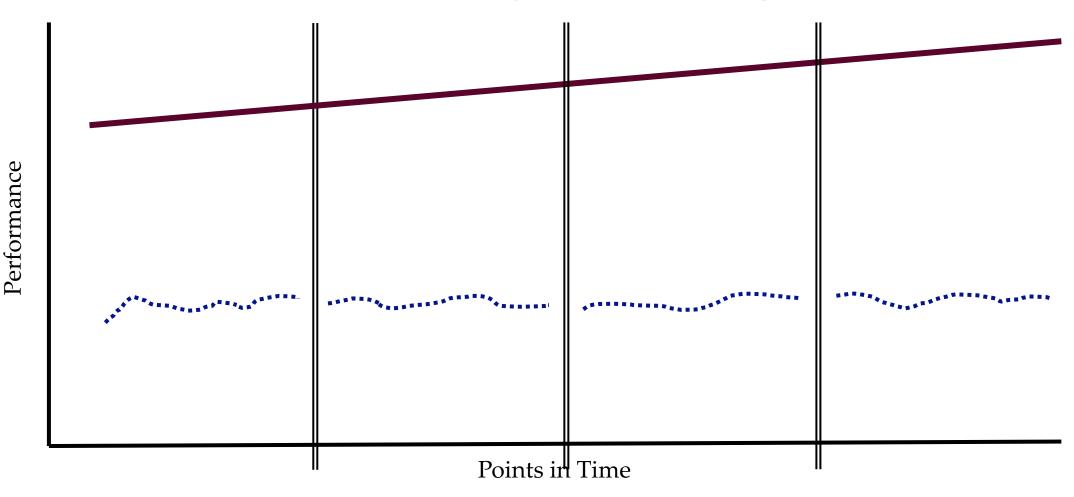


Points in Time

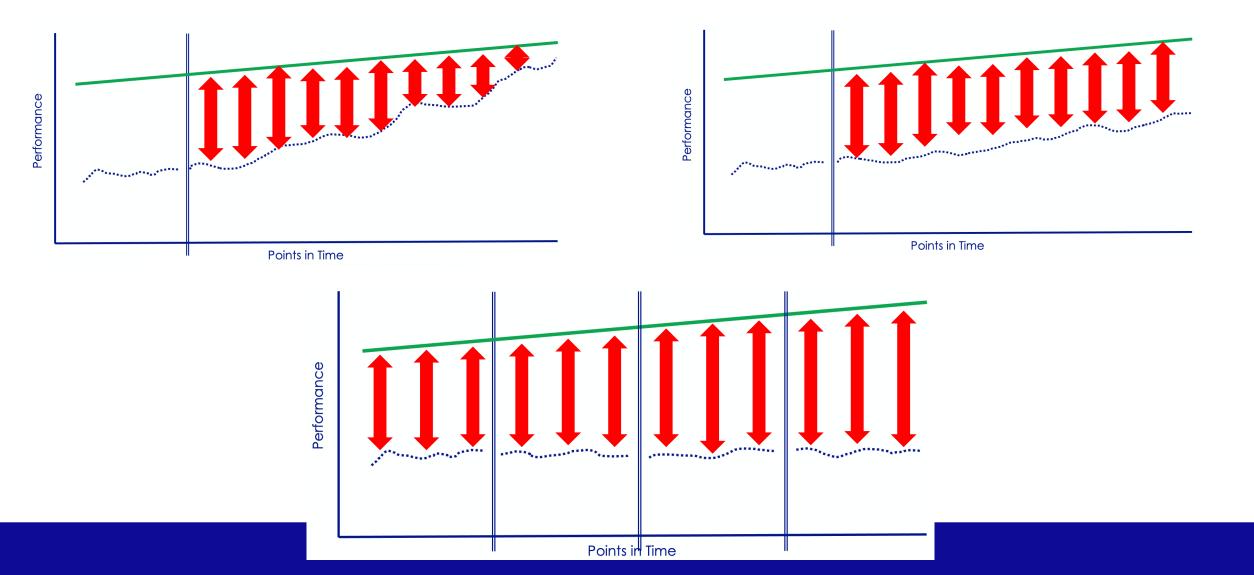








What's the Impact on the Student?

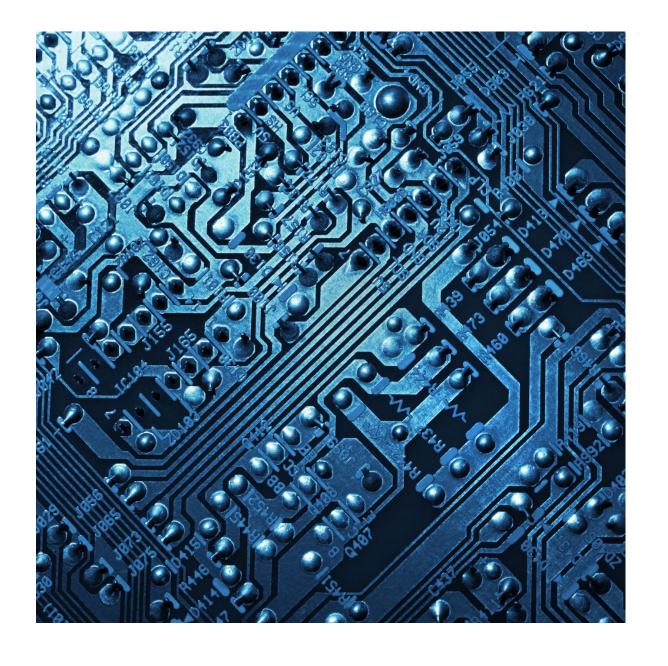


Lack of Meaningful Engagement with the Curriculum Leads to

- Learning Loss
- Self-Esteem Issues
- Behavioral Issues
- Increased Dropout Rates
- Overall Poor Student Outcomes



Let's Talk About Technology



Technologies Used in Schools

Educational or Instructional Technologies

- Strategy for Use: Provides learning experiences to enhance or support student's progress in curriculum.
- Examples
 - Read 180
 - IXL
 - Oregon Trail

Productivity or Informational Technologies

- Strategy for Use:
 Consume and organize information or produce content.
- Examples
 - MS Office
 - Google Suite
 - Browsers

Assistive Technologies

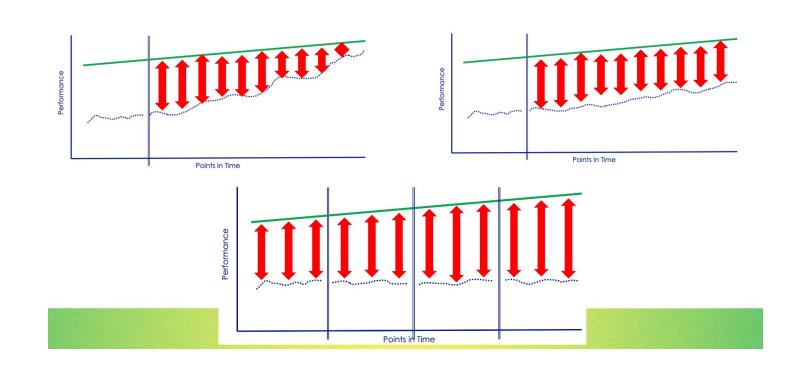
- Strategy for Use: Provides a means to allow students with disabilities to do tasks they could not otherwise do.
- Examples
 - Communication Devices
 - Mobility Aids
 - Text to Speech
 - Speech Recognition

But, these don't fully address the issues...

Educational or Instructional Technologies

Productivity or Informational Technologies

Assistive Technologies



We need another type of technology to move the needle...

Supportive Technologies

- Decreases Barriers to the Curriculum
- Compensate for Difficulties Currently Faced by Students
- Available to All Students
- Flexibly Used Based on Student Needs

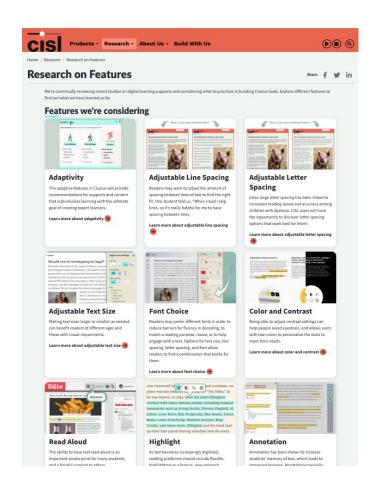
Some Potential Features of Supportive Technologies

Adjustable Adjustable Line Adjustable Text Adjustable Font Adjustable Color and Text to Speech Spacing Letter Spacing Size Size Contrast Embedded On-Demand Adjustable Annotation Text Comprehension Text Leveling Highlighting Capabilities Simplification glossary Checks Word Navigation Bookmarking Speech to Text Zoom Captions Prediction Supports

Abbreviation Expansion

Math Syntax Editor Alternative Access

Research Base for Potential Features



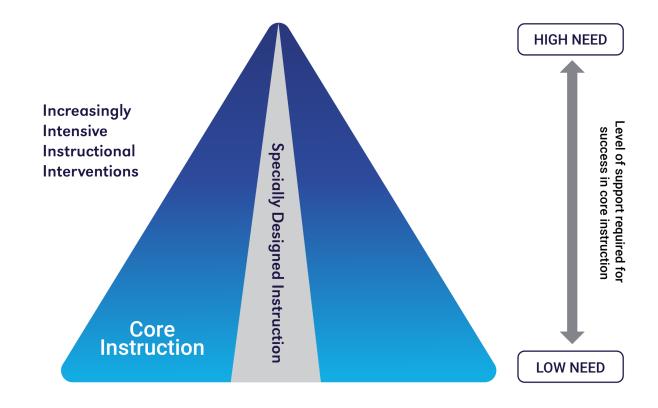
UDL GUIDELINES ENGAGEMENT ➤ REPRESENTATION ➤ ACTION & EXPRESSION ➤ **Research Evidence by Checkpoint** Explore the research used to develop each UDL Guidelines Checkpoint. Engagement 7.1: Optimize invdividual choice and autonomy 7.2: Optimize relevance, value, and authenticity 7.3: Minimize threats and distractions o 8.1: Heighten salience of goals and objectives 8.2: Vary demands and resources to optimize challenge 8.3: Foster collaboration and community o 8.4: Increase mastery-oriented feedback 9.1: Promote expectations and beliefs that optimize motivation 9.2: Facilitate personal coping skills and strategies 9.3: Develop self-assessment and reflection Representation 1.1: Offer ways of customizing the display of information 1.2: Offer alternatives for auditory information o 1.3: Offer alternatives for visual information o 2.1: Clarify vocabulary and symbols 2.2: Clarify syntax and structure 2.3: Support decoding of text, mathematical notation, and symbols 2.4: Promote understanding across languages o 2.5: Illustrate through multiple media 3.1: Activate or supply background knowledge o 3.2: Highlight patterns, critical features, big ideas, and relationships o 3.3: Guide information processing and visualization o 3.4: Maximize transfer and generalization · Action & Expression 4.1: Vary the methods for response and navigation o 4.2: Optimize access to tools and assistive technologies

https://cisl.cast.org/research/features https://udlguidelines.cast.org/more/research-evidence

5.1: Use multiple media for communication

Let's Talk about Supportive Technologies and MTSS

A Conceptual Framework for NeMTSS

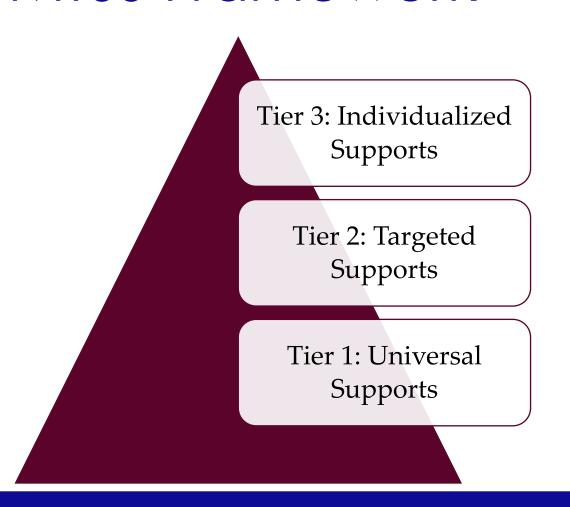




Students may receive services in all areas of the pyramid at any one point in time.

Adapted from the U.S. Department of Education

Supportive Technologies within an MTSS Framework



- Intensity (Frequency) of Use
 - Incidental Use
 - More Frequent Use
 - Consistent Use
- Increased Individualization of Tools and Features
 - Widely Deployed Generic Supports
 - More Robust Targeted Supports
 - Individualized and/or Adapted Supports

Universal Reading Supports

Targeted Reading Supports

Individualized Reading Supports

- Built-In /Widely
 Deployed Tools for
 - Magnification
 - Text to Speech
 - Highlighting
 - Contrast
 - Text Levelling
 - Glossary/Thesaurus

- Targeted Deployment of Tools
- More Robust Features and Options (e.g., better text to speech, better text simplification/text levelling)
- Additional Features

 (e.g., annotation,
 bookmarking,
 comprehension checks)

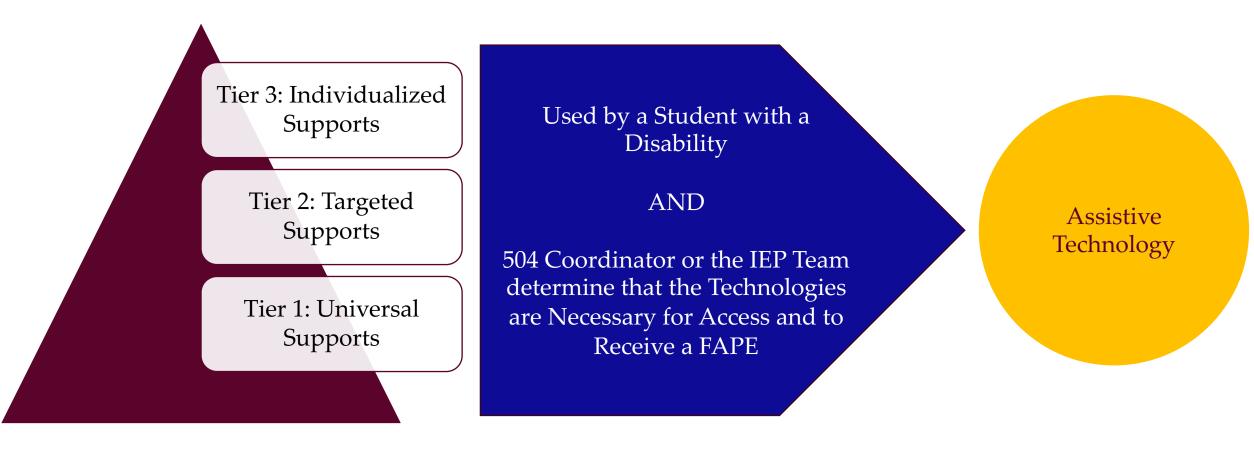
- Deployed to Individual Students
- Specific Features Based on Student's Individual Needs

How do Supportive Technologies and Assistive Technologies Relate?

Assistive Technologies

- Strategy for Use: Provides a means to allow students with disabilities to do tasks they could not otherwise do.
- Examples
 - Communication Devices
 - Mobility Aids
 - Text to Speech
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How do Supportive Technologies and Assistive Technologies Relate?



However, supportive technologies do not work unless they are embedded in good practices...

Practices for Supportive Technologies



Shared Leadership and Planning



Robust Professional Development



Build Fidelity of Practices



Engage in
Data Informed
Decisions

Start with High Quality and Accessibility Materials

- Accessibility creates a foundation for engaging in learning.
- Inaccessible materials create barriers between the student and learning.
- Supportive Technologies interface with accessible materials to allow students to access learning.





How to Start with Accessibility

Acquire Accessible Materials

- Purchase Accessible From the Beginning
- Choose Materials Based on Accessibility

Create Accessible Materials

• Create Materials Following Accessibility Principles

Use Accessible Materials

• Use Supportive Technologies to Interface with and Support Individual Student Needs

Focus on Key Technologies for Universal and Targeted Support Technologies

- Build a team to focus on building a structure for support technologies
 - What are the current systems used in school?
 - What are the built-in support features and are they available for use?
 - What are the widely deployed support technologies?
 - What support technologies may need to be added?.

Build Knowledge and Skills in Using Support Technologies



Create Expert Learners

- Expert Learners
 - Plan, Monitor, and Reflect on their Learning
 - Leverage Multiple Tools to Support Their Learning
 - Contextually Choose Tools
 - Abandon Strategies that are Ineffective

Teachers need to scaffold and support the use of supportive technologies to facilitate the development of expert learners

Using Data for Decision Making

- Deciding Supports for Students
 - Example Tools
 - uPar
 - DeCoste Writing Protocol

- Assessment and Progress Monitoring
 - Backend Dashboards and Data Systems
 - Snap and Read
 - CoWriter Universal
 - Texthelp Read and Write
 - Equatio

Questions?







WE WANT YOUR FEEDBACK!

Scan the QR code to complete a brief evaluation after each session throughout the summit.